

**Procedure for stablishing a Communication Across a Computer Net Information-trail of the INTERNET Type, between Two Information-trail of the Internet Type Internet

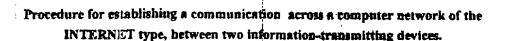
PTO/SB/05 (1/98)
Approved for use through 9/30/00, OMB 0651-0032
Fatent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION **TRANSMITTAL**

Attorn	Inventor Sabatier et al.		769
First Ir	ventor	Sabatier et al.	±884 1888
Title	**		30
Expres		EL 389 232 284 US	ja

(Only for new)	nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b)) Label I	No.
See MPEP Ch	APPLICATION ELEMENTS hapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.	ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box Patent Application
1 X isu 2 X Sp - C - C - S - F - E	e transmittal Form Identity an original and a duplicate for fee processing) Descriptive title of the invention Cross References to Related Applications Statement Regarding Fed Sponsored R&D Reference to Microfiche Appendix Background of the Invention Brief Summary of the Invention	Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix) Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary) Computer readable Copy Paper Copy (identical to computer copy) Statement Verifying identity of above
	Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)	ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS
- (- <i>)</i>	Detailed Description Claim(s) Abstract of the Disclosure rawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Sheets 1]	8 Assignment Papers (cover sheet & documents) 9 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement Power of Attorney (where there is an assignee) 10 English Translation Document (if applicable)
4. Oath or	Declaration [Total Pages 3]	11 Information Disclosure Copies of IDS Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 Citations
a. 🛚 🗓	Unsigned Tryay Newly executed (original or copy)	12 Preliminary Amendment
b. 🗌	Copy from prior Application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)	Return receipt postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
The whi und disc	[Note Box 5 below] [Note Box 5 below] DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed Statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b). Description By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked) the entire disclosure of the prior application from inch a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied ler Box 4b, is considered as being part of the closure of the accompanying application and is eably incorporated by reference herein.	*Small Entity Statement filed in prior application Statement(s) Status still proper and desired 15 Certified copy of priority Document(s) 16 Other: * A newstatement is required to pay small entity fees, except where
		one has been filed in a prior application and is being relied upon
Con	INUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and support intinuation Divisional Continuation-in-lication information: Examiner:	
"""	18. CORRESPO	NDENCE ADDRESS
Custo	mer Number or Bar Code Label	or X Correspondence address below or Attach bar code label
NIA NAT		
NAME	Michael J. McGovern	
ADDRESS	Quarles and Brady LLP	
CITY	411 E. Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee STAT	E WI ZIP CODE 53202
COUNTRY	USA TELEPHON	
Name (Prin	nt/Type) Michael J. McGovern	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent) 28,326

an.21,2000 Signature Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 fours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.



A computer network of the INTERNET type is well suited to the exchange of data between a computer terminal and a server dialled up by the latter by means of the address of the server in the network.

As there are a large number of terminals, it is not possible to allocate to each of them a definitive address, so that each of them has an address assigned to it, temporary and variable from one call to the next, only when it initiates a call, that address being communicated to the server for response purposes.

Thus, the number of addresses remains limited to the number of permanent addresses, those of the servers, and the temporary addresses of active machines in the process of calling.

For this reason, terminals at rest cannot be located and therefore dialled up, since they are unknown to the network through lack of address. In particular, it is not possible to establish direct telephone communication over the INTERNET, to transmit information, such as voice or data

The present invention aims to solve this problem of access to a terminal or any other information-transmitting device.

To this end, the invention concerns a process for establishing a communication, on a first, computer network of the INTERNET type, between two devices on this first, computer network and on a second, telephone network, in which:

- one of the two calling devices calls the other on the second, telephone network to invite it into the said communication by giving it the references of a message accessible on the computer network.
- the calling device connects itself to the first, computer network, receives an IP1 computer address and incorporates it into the aforesaid message, and
- the device called connects itself to the first, computer network, accesses the aforesaid message, obtains the IP1 computer address of the device calling and establishes the aforesaid communication.

The term 'message' is used here to mean any body of information which can be

and the state of the state of

transmitted across the computer network, whatever the presentation of this information, which may therefore in particular represent alphanumerical characters as well as fax type images.

The message, still accessible via the computer network, has the function of a site representing the calling device, the references transmitted by the invitation to make communication sent by the latter being in fact a link in order to access the message. The telephone network serves as a signalling network for the computer network, in order to transmit that link, and thus makes it possible to demand that a device, temporarily disconnected from the computer network, connects itself to the network deliberately, when another device wishes to enter into communication with it via the computer network

It is of advantage for the calling device to transmit a secret code word, which the latter subsequently retransmits, via the first, computer network, to the calling device so that the latter agrees to enter into communication.

In this way, projection is assured against any attempt to substitute the called correspondent, following computer backing.

The invention will be better understood with the aid of the following description of a preferred mode of implementation of the process of the invention, with reference to the single appended drawing, which is a diagrammatic representation of information-transmitting terminals connected to the switched telephone network STN, and to the INTERNET, in which there are two INTERNET service providers.

In the figure, two information-transmitting terminals 1 and 2 are represented which, in addition to the classic circuits for a data link with the INTERNET network 3, via telephone lines 14, 24 respectively, also have in this example a microphone and a loudspeaker and circuits allowing vocal communication to be established. This vocal communication may here be established via the switched telephone network 4, with digital conversion upon entering the network 4 and reconversion to analogue upon exit from the network 4. If the network 4 was an integrated services fully digital network (ISDN), terminals 1 and 2 would themselves ensure the above conversions by codecs. In addition, terminals 1, 2 can exchange between themselves, across the INTERNET 3, packets of digital, coded vocal signals in compression, which are decompressed and decoded upon reception to be restored on the loudspeaker or a receiver.

The INTERNET 3 has two providers of access 31, 32 to the INTERNET, also connected to the STN 4, to which the users of terminals 1 and 2 are respectively

subscribed, these users boing able (broken lines) to reach their respective service providers 31, 32 via their lines 14, 24 of the STN 4. The INTERNET link 33 connecting the two service providers 31, 32 illustrates a classic temporary link on the INTERNET 3 allowing terminals 1 and 2 to be connected together by means of their lines 14 and 24. In practice, there are many such terminals.

The software architecture of terminals 1 and 2 is inspired by the recommendation H 323 of the ITU with, at the top of level 7 in the OSI (Open Systems Interconnection) classification, an application relating here to telephony across the INTERNET 3.

Below, and up to a command circuit for a data exchange modern, are two channels for data processing OSI layers, one for signalling and the other for useful data, in this case vocal signals in the form of packets.

The service provider 31 has a memory 311 which it places at the disposal of terminal 1, with respect to its writing, memory 311 which is accessible for reading purposes from any device on the INTERNET 3, providing that device supplies the memory address information necessary to retrieve a specific electronic document from the memory 311.

Terminal 1 thus has available, through the intermediary of the service provider 31, a section of the memory 311 which is the functional equivalent of an INTERNET site, and which can therefore be consulted by any other terminal

In a general way, the memory 311 may be installed in any location whatever, perhaps remote from the survice provider 31, to the extent that the latter serves as intermediary designed to allow access to that memory 311. The latter could therefore be situated in a computer centre, or even with another service provider, with the service provider 31 establishing an INITERNET link, for instance, when access to the memory 311 is required.

The process of establishing a communication between terminals 1 and 2 will now be explained.

Generally, the estublishment of a communication, on the first, computer network 3 of INTERNET type, between two devices, here the terminals 1 and 2 of this first, computer network 3 and of the second, telephone network 4, involves the following steps:

one of the two calling devices 1 dials up the other 2 on the second, telephone network 4 to invite it into the said communication by giving it the references of

a message accessorie on the computer network 3.

the calling device 1 connects itself to the first, computer network 3, receives an IP1 computer address and incorporates it into the aforesaid message, and

the called device, 2, connects itself to the first, computer network 3, accesses the aforesaid message, obtains the IP1 computer address of the calling device 1 and establishes the aforesaid communication.

The above process thus avoids the necessity of a rendez-vous or communication server, by inviting terminal 2 to consult the message at the memory-site 311 containing the up-to-date IP1 address.

The IP31 or URL address information of the access provider 31 may be a classic INTERNET address or simply a reference allowing the latter to be retrieved, for instance the name of the service provider, in order to access the message, to write it and to read it, via that provider.

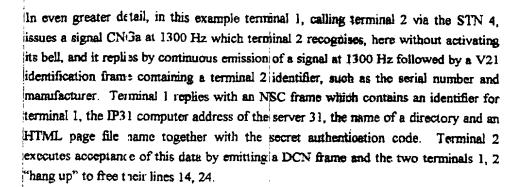
In that example, terminal 1 composes the electronic mail in the form of at least one HTML page on which is included a marker specifying the position of the IP1 computer address on the page. In that example, it is a question of a command character, invisible on a screen.

In order to avoid establishing a communication via the INTERNET 3 between two terminals 1 and 2 which would not be compatible, at the time of the call via the telephone network 4 the two terminals 1 and 2 exchange signals verifying their compatibility for communication across the INTERNET 3. For this purpose, the CCITT Q931 protocol is used here. A secret code word is transmitted by terminal 1 to terminal 2, which the latter subsequently retransmits, via the INTERNET 3, to terminal 1 so that the latter agrees to enter into communication.

In addition, the signals contain an identifier N1 for the terminal 1 calling via the telephone network 4, which allows terminal 2, or its user reading these signals on a terminal 2 display, perhaps to refuse to establish the sought for INTERNET communication. The identifier is, for instance, the telephone number N1 of terminal 1, issued by the CLASS service of the telephone network 4.

In particular, it can be arranged that terminals 1 and 2 automatically establish communication between each other and each then activates warning mechanisms such as a bell or indicator light, to inform the users of devices 1 and 2.

enolder to Mark there was related by the first of the first of the first of the



Terminal 1 calls its service provider 31 and edits an HTML page, with the name XX of the directory and a name YY of the file for the message of the page and the IP1 computer address which it has obtained from the service provider 31, and sends the HTML message to the provider 31 who places it in the memory 311 in a section specified by the name XX of the directory above, transmitted to terminal 1.

It will be noted that the telephone call from terminal 1 to terminal 2 may take place after dispatch of the HTML page to the service provider 31, but it is also possible for the calling terminal 1 to dial up the other terminal 2 first of all on the second, telephone network 4, prior to connecting itself to the first telephone network, INTERNET 3, providing there is no risk of terminal 2 calling the service provider 31 too quickly since it does not yet have the HTML page, or if it is not up to date with respect to the IP1 address. In a part cular instance, terminal 1 may however have instructed terminal 2 not to call until after a delay or a specified time.

In practice, the message on the HTML page may be retained permanently in the memory 311 and the service provider simply updates the IP1 address, perhaps automatically, each time it provides a new IP1 address to terminal 1 which calls it.

The service provider 32 here has a classic role, in contrast to the service provider 31. Terminal 2 calls the latter using the INTERNET 3, via its service provider 32 and sends it the IP31 address to establish a link such as that bearing the reference 33. Once the service provider 31 has been reached by terminal 2, the latter sends it the memory address information or reference (name XX of the directory and name YY of the file) previously received from terminal 1 via the STN 4 for reading access to the HTML page deposited in the memory 311 by terminal 1. The message reference transmitted from terminal 1 to terminal 2 may simply indicate a message, the address of which is already known to terminal 2.

When terminal 2 then can's terminal 1, that amounts in fact simply to extending the link 33, already established with the service provider 31, to line 14. Terminal 2 then sends its address IP2 to terminal 1. In practice, as the service provider 31 has already received this computer address IP2 from terminal 2 to communicate with the latter, that amounts to ordering the server 31 to communicate the IP2 address to terminal 1. This command may originate from terminal 2 or from terminal 1, perhaps by the sole fact of the service provider 31 being called by one or other of terminals 1, 2. Terminal 2 at least then has at its disposal in all cases the IP1 computer address of the other terminal 1 and may therefore communicate with it. Terminal 2 then sends to the IP1 address a SETUP signal with its IP2 address and the secret code word to authenticate its identity. Terminal 1 in return sends a CONNECT connecting signal if it recognises the authentication code word and terminal 2 replies with a CONNECT-ACK signal of agreement, followed by an exchange of packets of useful data, such as voice or computer data such as faxes, or electronic mail.

. Alli a han a rat IM

11.1



- 1 Process for establishing a communication, on a first, computer network (3) of the INTERNET type, between two devices (1, 2) on this first, computer network (3) and a second, telephone network (4), in which:
 - one of the two calling devices (1) calls the other (2) on the second, telephone network (4) to invite it into the said communication by giving it the references (IP31, XX, YY) of a message accessible on the computer network (3),
 - the calling device (1) connects itself to the first, computer network (3), receives a computer address (IP1) and incorporates it into the aforesaid message, and
 - the called device (2) connects itself to the first, computer network (3), accesses the aforesaid message, obtains the computer address (IP1) of the calling device (1) and establishes the aforesaid communication.
- 2.- Process in accordance with claim 1, in which the calling device (1) calls the other device (2) first of all on the second, telephone network (4) prior to connecting itself to the first, computer network (3).
- 3.- Process in accordance with claim 1, in which the device (1) calling the other device (2) via the second, telephone network (4) sends it a secret code word, which the latter subsequently retransmits, via the first, computer network (3), to the calling device (1) so that the latter may agree to establish communication.
- 4.- Process in accordance with claim 1, in which, during the call via the telephone network (4), the two devices (1, 2) exchange signals verifying their compatibility for communication across the first, computer network (3).
- 5 Process in accordance with claim 4, in which the signals contain an identifier (N1) of the device (1) calling via the telephone network (4).

ABSTRACT

Process for establishing a communication, across a computer network of the INTERNET type, between two information-transmitting devices.

According to the process for establishing a communication, on the INTERNET (3), between two device (1, 2) of the INTERNET (3) and of the STN telephone network (4),

one of the two calling devices (1) calls the other (2) on the STN to invite it to communicate by giving it the references (IP31, XX, YY) of a message accessible on the INTERNET (3),

the calling device (1) connects itself to the INTERNET (3), receives an address (IP1) and incorporates it in the message, and

the called device (2) connects itself to the INTERNET (3), accesses the message, obtains the address (IP1) of the calling device (1) and establishes communication.

Single figure

:

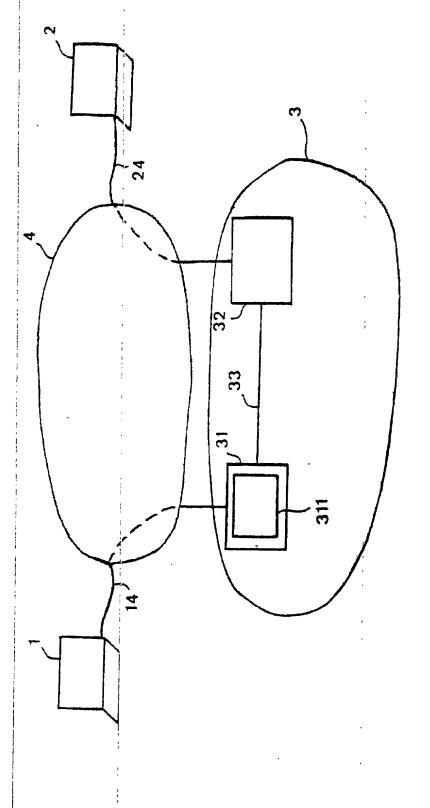


FIGURE UNIQUE

EXPRESS MAIL LABEL	N	389	232	284	US
--------------------	---	-----	-----	-----	----

PTO/SB/01 (6-95)
Approved for use through 9/30/98. OMB 0651-0032

Patent and Trade	emark Office: U.S	ough 9/30/98. OMB 0651-00 S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMER								
Attorney Docket Number	160383.9	90121								
First Named Inventor	Sabatier									
C	OMPLETE IF KNC	DW/V								
Application Number										
Filing Date	Herewith									
Group Art Unit										
Examiner Name										
tor (if only one name is listed belo ich is claimed and for which a pat COMMUNICATION ACRO O INFORMATION-TRANS	ow) or an original, tent is sought on t	UTER NETWORK OF								
(Title of the Invention)										
an Hai	ited States Application	Number or PCT International								
	nted States Application									
nts of the above identified specification, i										
onal application which designated at by checking the box, any foreign a	t least one country of pplication for paten	other than the United States of								
Foreign Filing Dat (MM/DD/YYYY)	te Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached? YES NO								
1/22/99										
I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.										
	Attorney Docket Number First Named Inventor C Application Number Filing Date Group Art Unit Examiner Name : are as stated below next to my record to claimed and for which a part of the Invention of the Invention of the Invention of the Invention of the Application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (United States Code § 119(a)-(d) or conal application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (Inventional application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (Inventional application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (Inventional application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (Inventional application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (Inventional application which designated a polycental to patentability as defined in Title 37 (Inventional application which designated a polycental application which application application which application applica	First Named Inventor Sabatier COMPLETE IF KNO Application Number Filing Date Group Art Unit Examiner Name Herewith COMMUNICATION ACROSS A COMPLY O INFORMATION-TRANSMITTING DETAILS of the Invention) as United States Application of the days and the patents of the application which designated at least one country by checking the box, any foreign application for patents of the application on which designated at least one country by checking the box, any foreign application for patents of the application on which designated at least one country by checking the box, any foreign application for patents of the application on which priority is claimed. Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 1/22/99 1/22/99 1/22/99								

Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take .4 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.



DECLARATION

Page 2

Applicant Authority

France

Country

designating the L	Inited States of A	35, United States C merica, listed below PCT international a nformation which is the prior application	and, insof	ar as the su	bject ma	tter of	the first nar	claims	of this ap	opiicati 35 Hr	ion is r	tates Code	6112.I
	Application		F Parent umber				iling Date	•	P			nt Numb <i>icable)</i>	er
As a named invidivisional application	ventor, I hereby a cations based the	T international appoint the following and to trans	ing attorne	ev(s) and/o	r agentí:	s) to r	prosecute t	his app COffice	lication	and al	l cont erewi	inuation a	
OR List atto	orney(s) and/or	agent(s) name	and regi	stration r	number	belo	w				-		
	Name			tration mber			N	lame					stration mber
Carl R. Sc Gregory A Keith M. E John D. Fr Joseph W Robert J. S Jean C. Ba	n Steele . Seay Haas McGovern hwartz . Nelson Baxter ranzini . Bain Sacco aker	v(s) and/or agen	25,6 25,9 27,3 27,3 29,4 30,5 31,2 31,3 34,2 35,6 35,4	31 886 426 377 333 856 890 667	Beni Micl Alle Rich Mar Star Sco Dan Stev Dav Joh	nett hael n J. hard k D. hley tt D iiel G ven iid M n H.	. Ryser J. Bers A. Jasl Moss T. Rock Passler A. Kim Paul C. Radle J. Wieth D'Anti	kolski ne r er rzny er co		heret	to	37 37 38 38 40 42 42 43 44 P4	,407 ,094 ,551 ,567 ,599 ,764 ,730 ,984 ,028 ,402 5,589 5,917
<u> </u>	Il corresponde		Customer lumber			iitai j	oriority di	o	-	Fill	in co	rrespond below	ence
Name M	lichael J. M	cGovern											
Address Q	uarles & Br	ady LLP											
Address 4	11 East Wis	sconsin Ave.	Suite	2040								·	
City M	1ilwaukee				5	State	WI				Zip		2-4497
	ISA		Teleph		<u>414) 2</u>				Fax			<u> 271-35</u>	
information	and belief are l statements an nited States Co	atements made believed to be to d the like so ma ode and that suc	rue; and	further th	nat thes	se sta e or i ts ma	atements mprisonm ny jeopard	were in ent, o lize the	nade w r both, e validit	unde	r Sec the a	tion 100 pplication	of Title
Name of Sol	e or First Inve	ntor:		,		A	petition h	nas be	en filed	for t	his u	nsigned i	nventor
Given	Pierre		Middle		Family	<u> </u>	Sabatier	•				Suffix	<u> </u>
Inventor's Signature					· · · · ·				(3 ₁ , ,	C	ate		
Residence:	Cergy Sa	int Christopl	ne	s	tate		Country	Fran	nce		Citi	zenship	French
Post Office													
Post Office	10 Place	e des Colonn	es										

Zip

Additional inventors are being named on supplemental sheet(s) attached hereto

95800 Cergy Saint Christophe

DECLARATION ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S) Supplemental Sheet												
DECLARATION												
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:						A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor						
Given	Lou	is		/liddle	В.	Family		Omgba		,	Suffix	
Inventor's		_								Date		
Residenc	e:	Jouy Le Moutier				State		Country	France	Citiz	enship	French
Post Offic	се											
Post Offic	се	10 rue J.P. Rame	eau									
City 95	280	Jouy Le Moutier	State	Ī	Zip	. 20	¢	Country	France		Applic Autho	ant rity
Name of	f Add	itional Joint Inventor, if	any:				_	A petit	on has been filed f	or this u	unsigned in	ventor
Given			1	Vliddle nitial		Family Name				-,	Suffix	
Inventor's										Date		
Residenc	e:					State		Country		Citiz	enship	
Post Offi	се											
Post Offi	се											
City			State		Zip			Country			Appli Autho	cant ority
Name o	f Add	itional Joint Inventor, if	any.					A peti	tion has been filed	for this	unsigned in	nventor
Given				Midd	lle	Far	nily				Suffix	
Inventor's	s									Date		
Residen	ce:			· · -		State		Country		Citi	zenship	
Post Off	ice											
Post Off	ice											
City			State		Zip			Country			Appl Auth	icant ority
Name o	f Add	litional Joint Inventor, i	f any:				\downarrow	A pet	ition has been filed	for this	unsigned i	nventor
Given				Middle	•	Famil	/				Suffix	
Inventor'	s									Date		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Resider	nce					State		Country	,	С	itizenship	
Post Of	ffice											
Post Of												
City			State	э	Zip			Country			App Auti	licant nority
	1	Additional inventors	are k	peing	nam	ed on s	upp	lementa	l sheet(s) atta	ached	hereto	